

Good morning
Have you used
PEARS' SOAP?

Hanchett & Sheldon

Dealers at wholesale and retail, have on hand the largest and

BEST SELECTED STOCK OF HARDWARE
IRON, WAGON STOCK, NAILS

Builder's Hardware, Stoves, Etc.

To be found in Southern Wisconsin, and will make prices on same that will defy competition. Among their specialties this reason may be found the celebrated

ALASKA; REFRIGERATOR,

The only Dry Air Refrigerator Made
Pennsylvania and Splendid LAWN MOWERS.

New Process and Reliable Gasoline Stoves.
Best in the world. Barb wire at Flat Prices.

Don't fail to examine our stock before buying
BEST AND CHEAPEST LINE OF COAL AND WOOD COOK
Stoves and Ranges in the Market.

Remember First-Class Tin Shop with experienced Workmen.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

At the Insurance and Real Estate office Room 11, second floor in the Jackson Block, is represented the old, strong

Leading Insurance Companies

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED - AND - FIRE - TESTED,

ALSO THE

Travelers' Accident Insurance Company,

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am, Very Respectfully,

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

CATARRH

Do Not Trifle With Disease.

We have the only known certain and reliable method for the cure of Nasal Catarrh, Throat and Lung disease; it is regarded by the best judges as being the most complete treatment ever devised. Indeed, there does not appear to be anything lacking in its perfect adaptation to these diseases in all their loathsome, painful and dangerous developments. Each case is examined into carefully and critically, and the best treatment is prescribed to meet the needs of each individual. This fact alone much of our success is due, and we think no case is incurable when our questions are properly answered. Five years of constant practice with thousands of patients all over the country have enabled us to bring the application of our remedies to the highest point of perfection. Do not trifle, then, with common cheaply-called "Cures" which at best cannot afford but temporary relief, (while the roots of the disease are left to strike deeper and deeper), but be earnest and be thorough, or do nothing! You have been years in contracting the disease; you cannot be rid of it in a day, or with one application of any medicine.

The Experience of Others.

On account of so many patients having been swindled by unprincipled quacks and pretenses, who lived the country with their advertisements, we deem it only fair that every one who wishes should have the opportunity to ascertain whether we are able to accomplish all that we claim; and for this purpose we add a few of the many hundreds of unsolicited certificates that have been sent to us by grateful patients; almost all of whom will doubtless respond to any inquiry by letter, if accompanied by a stamp to pay postage. Had they been cured themselves, they will doubtless be willing to let the afflicted know where they may find certain relief.

Mrs. L. M. Beckham, of Birmingham, Ala., under date of March 25, 1899, writes: "I have been suffering from Catarrh of the nose and throat for several months, and have found great relief. I still use your medicine when taking fresh cold."

J. O. Pierson, of Minerva, Ohio, under date of April 1, 1899, writes: "I am a convinced case of Catarrh of the nose and throat, and have been using your remedies for Catarrh, about six years ago, and have never been troubled since."

J. W. Chandler, of Boston, N. C., under date of April 2, 1899, writes: "I used your remedies several years ago and have received great benefit. I think your medicine is a great relief."

Mrs. Rev. R. E. Sherrill, of Graham, Texas, under date of April 30, 1899, writes: "My husband and I have induced various persons to try your remedies for Catarrh, and all have been pleased and benefited. We have used your medicine for several years, and have had no return of the disease."

Rev. S. W. LeVang, of Wells, Minn., under date of October 6, 1899, writes: "The inhaler and Balm came all right. Began to use it this a. m. It seems quite natural, though I have not used it for ten years. My Catarrh is cured and does not trouble me now. I shall never cease to be grateful to you for the remedy."

W. J. Bawling, of Arkansas, Mo., under date of October 21, 1899, writes: "I have been suffering from Catarrh of the nose and throat for several years, and have received great benefit from your remedies. I have used your medicine for several years, and have had no return of the disease."

Wesley Thomas, of Westover, Md., under date of April 12, 1899, writes: "I am a convinced case of Catarrh of the nose and throat, and have been using your remedies for Catarrh, about six years ago, and have never been troubled since."

W. O. Ballenger, of West Mansfield, Ohio, under date of November 18, 1899, writes: "I am a convinced case of Catarrh of the nose and throat, and have been using your remedies for Catarrh, about six years ago, and have never been troubled since."

Mrs. B. H. Freeman, of 518 Pine St., Scranton, Pa., writes: "I have used your medicine for several years, and have had no return of the disease. I am a convinced case of Catarrh of the nose and throat, and have been using your remedies for Catarrh, about six years ago, and have never been troubled since."

Home Treatment. Child's Treatment for Catarrh, and all diseases of the Head, Throat and Lung, can be taken at home with perfect ease and safety, by the patient. We especially desire to treat those who have tried other remedies without success. A full statement of home treatment and cost will be sent on application.

Address: **REV. T. P. CHILDS, Troy, Ohio.**

Mention THE JAMESVILLE GAZETTE.

WANTED: NO EXPERIENCE, NO EDUCATION, NO MONEY. Permanent position guaranteed. Salary and Expenses Paid. Full particulars on application. Write to: **W. J. BAWLING, Scranton, Pa.**

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WHY IS THE SOUTH SOLID?

A NUMBER OF CONGRESSMEN
WRITE A BOOK JOINTLY.

They Attempt to Solve the Vexatious
Southern Race Question—Other
Washington News.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Representative Herbert of Alabama, Hemphill of South Carolina, Turner of Georgia, Stewart of Texas, Wilson of West Virginia, ex-Representative Barksdale of Mississippi, Senators Vance of North Carolina, Pasco of Florida, West of Missouri, and Messrs. W. M. Fishback of Arkansas, Ira P. Jones of Tennessee, C. S. Long of West Virginia, and B. J. Sage of Louisiana have collectively written and will soon publish a book, entitled "Why the South? or, Reconstruction and its Results."

It undertakes to narrate, fairly and dispassionately, in concise and popular form, the history of the reconstructed governments in each State, showing how the Republicans obtained control and how they lost it, the figures and statistics to shrinkage of values and increase of debt and taxation under these governments, and the prosperity of the South under present auspices. The book speaks of Abraham Lincoln's death as an appalling calamity to the South; argues that Andrew Johnson followed strictly Lincoln's plan of restoration, and contends that if Lincoln had lived he would have been able to defend that plan against the assaults of Congress.

Each chapter is signed by its author, who thus becomes directly responsible for the truth of his statements, and the claim of the book is that it is written by Gen. Herbert, its editor, is that in all the chapters the facts are understated rather than overstated. The race question and the statistics are extensively discussed, and the statement made that there is no intention to agitate for the repeal of the fifteenth amendment or the deportation of the negro. Educational and moral statistics of many kinds are given in support of the contention that the negro is prospering and that the South is solving for itself the problem of Reconstruction. The book is dedicated to the business men of the North, with a statement that they are interested in the prosperity of the South.

CONGRESS.

Bills Passed by the House Amending the
Law as Regards Court Martial.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—In the house on motion of Mr. Henderson, of Illinois, a resolution was adopted, and the Secretary of War for information as to whether the project to open a channel between Lake Ontario and Irondequoit Bay would be of advantage to the commerce of the lakes.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler of Alabama, from the committee on military affairs, a bill was passed amending the articles of war so as to provide that in time of peace, general court-martial for the trial of commanding officers shall be appointed only by the President, the general commanding the army, or the general officer commanding a military division; and that judge advocates may not be present at any deliberation of courts-martial in close session.

On motion of Mr. Cutcheon, of Michigan, from the same committee, a bill was passed granting the right of way through the Port Peninsula military reservation to the Duluth and Manitoba railroad company. Also a bill providing that in time of peace all enlisted men, charged with offenses now cognizable by the justice or regimental courts-martial, shall arrest, be brought before a summary court, which shall consist of the officer second in rank, at the post, or station, or in the command of the alleged offender, who shall hear and determine the case, and upon satisfaction of the accused party, adjudicate the punishment to be inflicted. The accused may object to a hearing by a summary court and demand a trial by court-martial, which demand shall be granted by right.

The Senate. Among the petitions presented was one from the President of the Methodist Episcopal Church Mission, protesting against the passage of the bill providing for the deportation and imprisonment of Chinese found in this country without certificates. Also resolutions of the Board of Commerce of San Francisco against the repeal of the Chinese exclusion act, and for additional legislation effectually to prevent Chinese immigration.

The House amendment to the Senate bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Brazos river, in Texas, was not concurred in, and a conference asked.

On motion of Mr. Plumb the House bill to provide for town site entries of land in the United States, was taken from the calendar, amended by the insertion of a proviso that the certificates mentioned therein shall not be taken as evidence in favor of any person claiming lots who entered in violation of the command of the President's proclamation, and was passed.

The following Senate bills, among others, were taken from the calendar and passed:

Appropriating \$50,000 for an Indian industrial school at Flinders, S. D.; to authorize the conveyance of certain patented Shawnee Indian lands in Kansas; authorizing the Lexington Ponton Bridge company to construct and maintain a pontoon bridge across the Missouri river, and to legalize the bridge already constructed at the city of Lexington, Mo.; to provide for the disposal of the interest on the Virginia indemnity fund (by distribution among the persons who have already established their right to participate in the fund); and to amend the act relating to the Secretary of the Treasury and the proper accounting officer to restate, settle and pay to the owners of private property, the sum of \$500,000 appropriated \$500,000 for an additional fire-proof building for the National Museum.

WHAT CONGRESS WILL DO.

The World's Fair Bill May Come Up the

Later Part of the Week.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—In the Senate the Chinese amendment act will come up first and Mr. Mitchell's amendment act is not intended to restore the bill to something like its purport when it was received from the House will be in order.

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Forty cents an hour and eight hours a day their demand—The
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